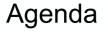


Software Excellence and Outsourcing Experiences at PSE October 2006, Budapest

23.10.2006





PSE as a global software service supplier

Software Excellence at PSE

Outsourcing Experiences



PSE as a Global Software Service Provider

PSE a Global Software Service Supplier **SIEMENS**

PSE History

- Division of Siemens Austria
- Founded arround 1960 in Vienna
- 2200 engineers by 1990
- One of the biggest Software development centers in Europe

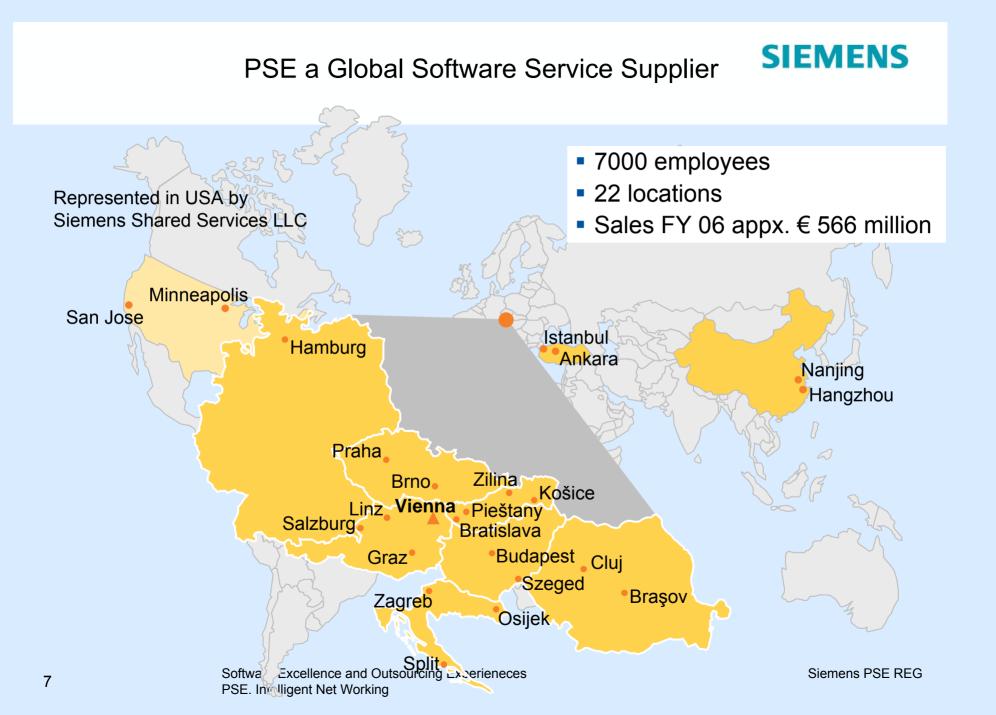
PSE a Global Software Service Supplier **SIEMENS**

why PSE went global

- Limited growth possiblilities in Austria
- Increase of development cost
- Sales opportunities for software products in CEE



Decision in 1990 to build up development centers (companies) in the neighbouring CEE countries



PSE a Global Software Service Supplier **SIEMENS**

Present situation of PSE

more than 7000 engineers

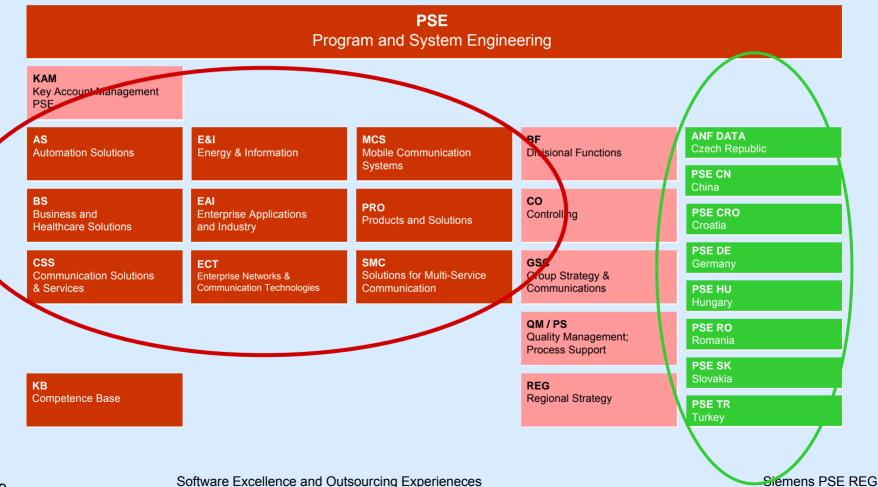
9 countries

- software development in 22 locations
- more than 55% in low cost countries

PSE a Global Software Service Supplier

SIEMENS

PSE organization: business units and regions



PSE. Intelligent Net Working

PSE a Global Software Service Supplier

global PSE business units in a matrix organization with PSE countries

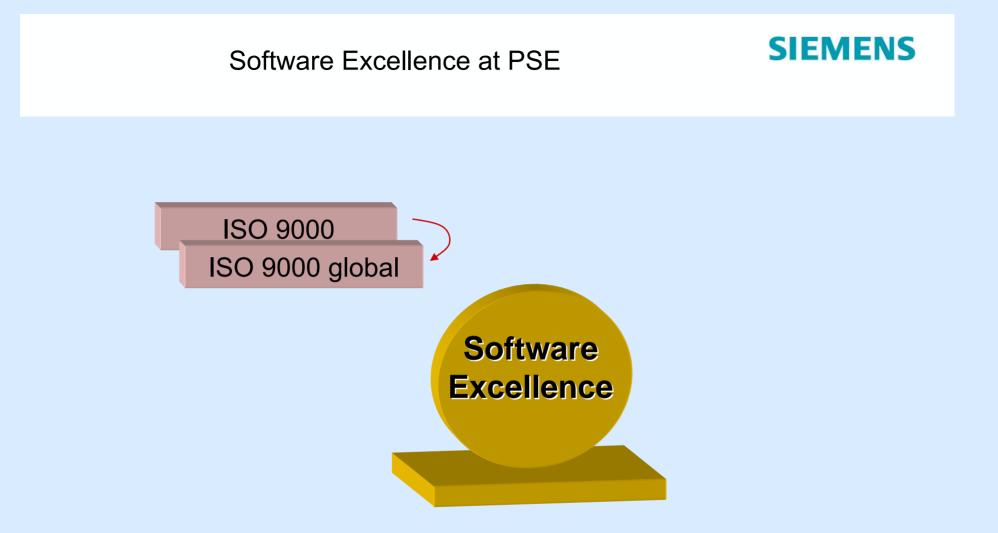


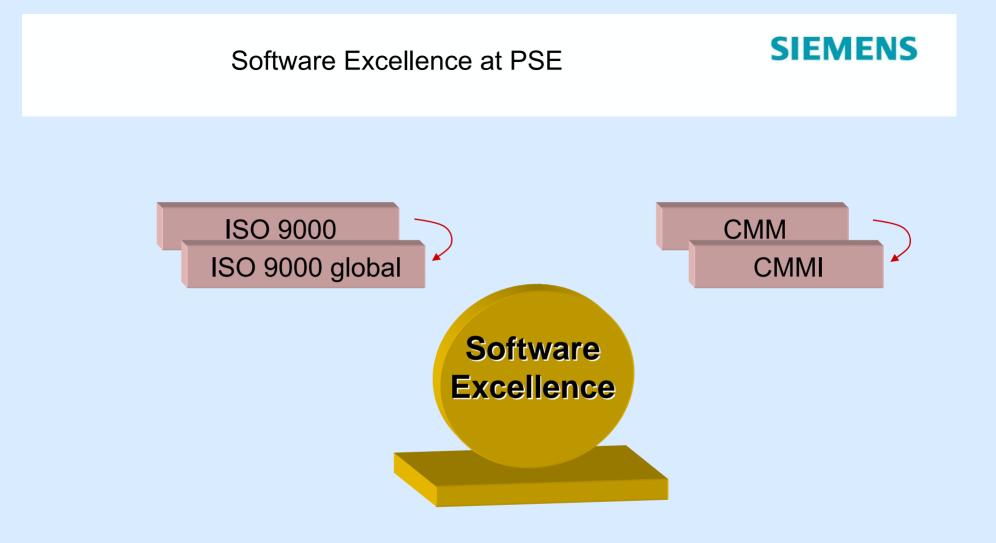
PSE. Intelligent Net Working

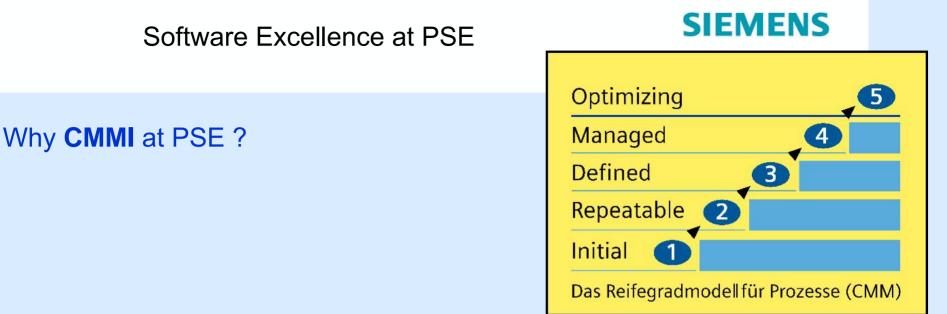
SIEMENS



Software Excellence at PSE







- CMMI exactly addresses all the key process areas of Software Development
- Siemens Process Assessment (SPA) is a derived methodology based on SEI and Bootstrap method, which was introduced by Siemens Corporate Technology to focus especially on process improvement

Software Excellence at PSE

SIEMENS

First steps with CMM in 1993 – 1994

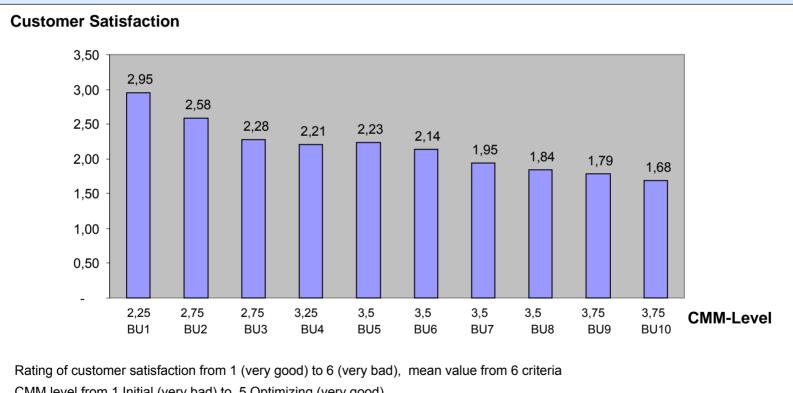
- according to 1984 defined PSE software development method (SEM) -> Level 2,75
- initiated some very important improvement activities
 - Web based SEM
 - "Support Centers" (internal consulting groups) -> Start PSE specific technology management
 - PROWEB: Tool for project controlling and metrics

1997 – 2001 CMM Assessements in all business units

- Level 2,25 to 3,75 reached
- again new improvement projects where initiated
 - PSE Metric Catalog
 - Risk Management Toolbox
 - TechnoWeb / Interest Nets / Expert Nets (Technology Management)

SIEMENS

Analysis of all PSE's Business Units showed a very high correlation between CMM-Level and Customer Satisfaction !



CMM level from 1 Initial (very bad) to 5 Optimizing (very good)

Status from 12/2001

Software Excellence at PSE

SIEMENS

2004 Transition CMM to CMMI

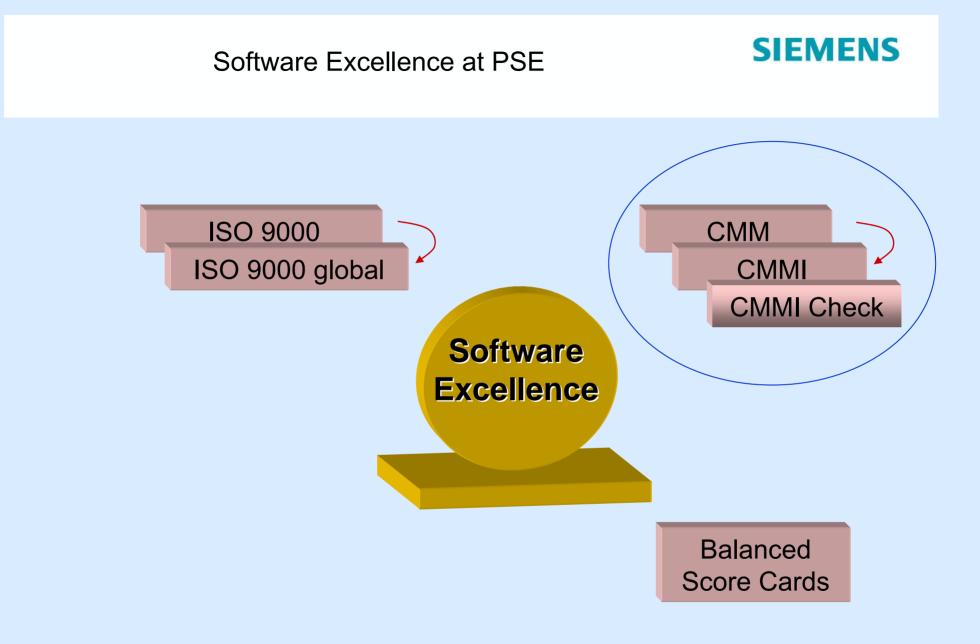
- Level 4 reached for development process
- Assessment for all business units started
- regions of PSE included in business unit assessements

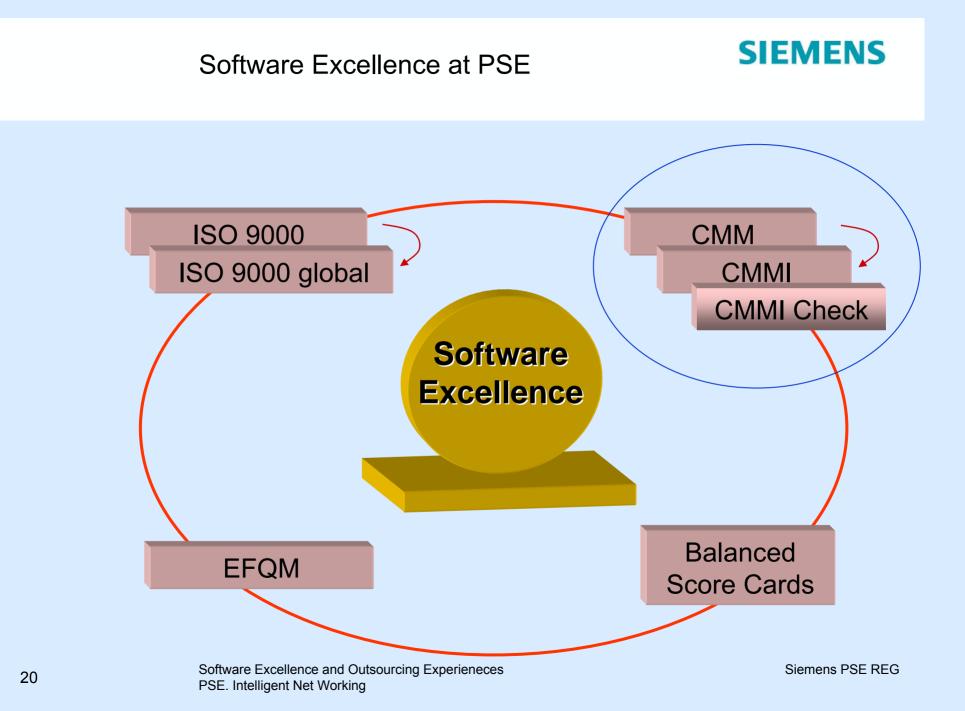
Software Excellence at PSE

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CMMI Checks : a continous improvement method

- self assessment done by PSE assessors on project level
- helps to keep high quality standard
- defined process based on CMMI questionaire
- cost efficient (2-3 days per project)
- mandatory in all PSE business units and regions
- Quality Goal : at least one CMMI Check per year in each organizational unit



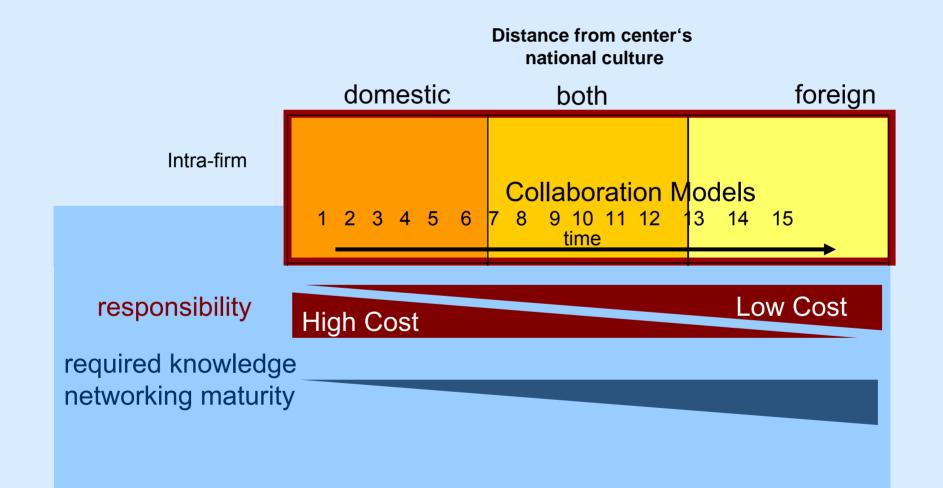




Outsourcing Experiences at PSE

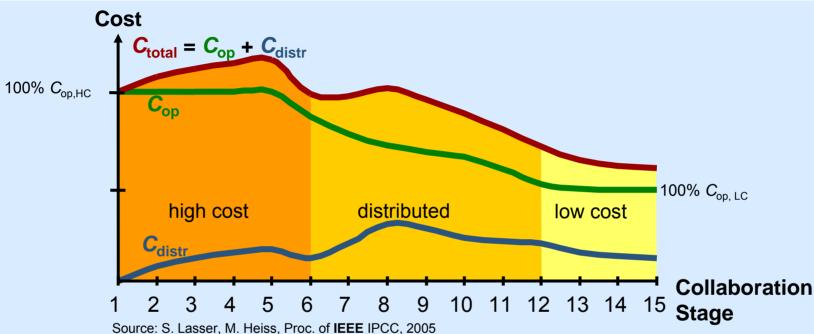
15 different In-house Offshoring Collaboration Models







SIEMENS

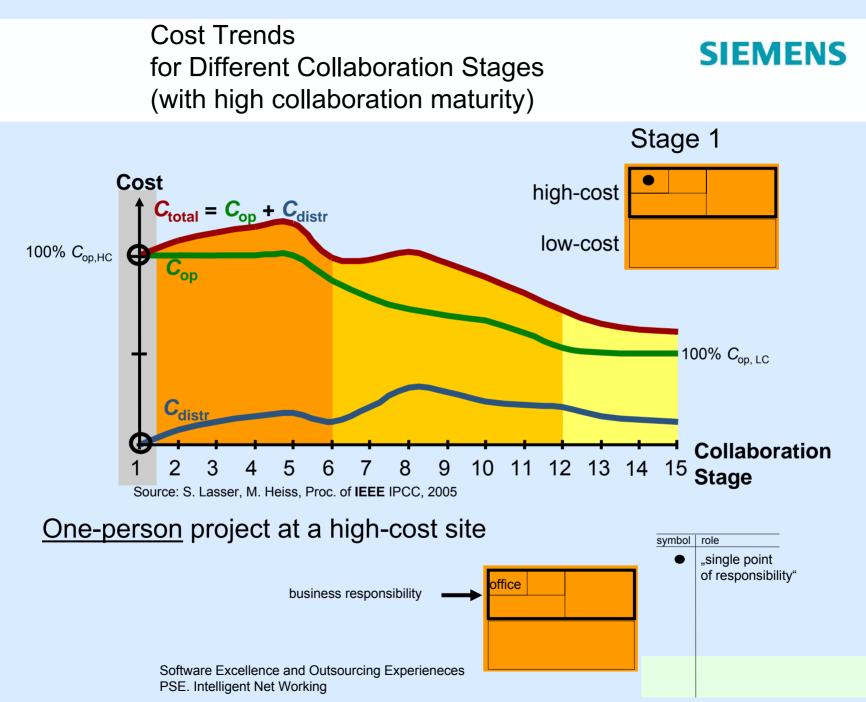


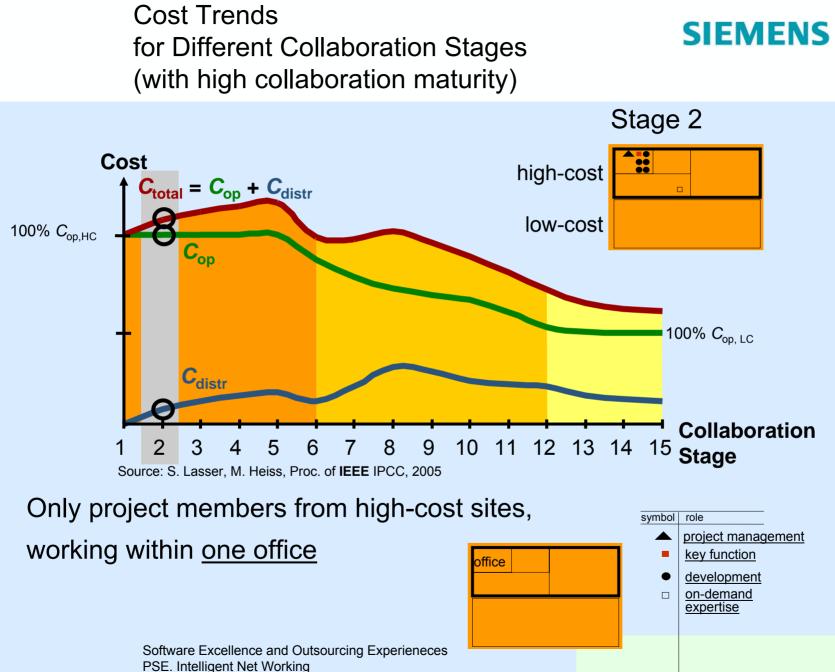
C_{op}... Operative Costs:

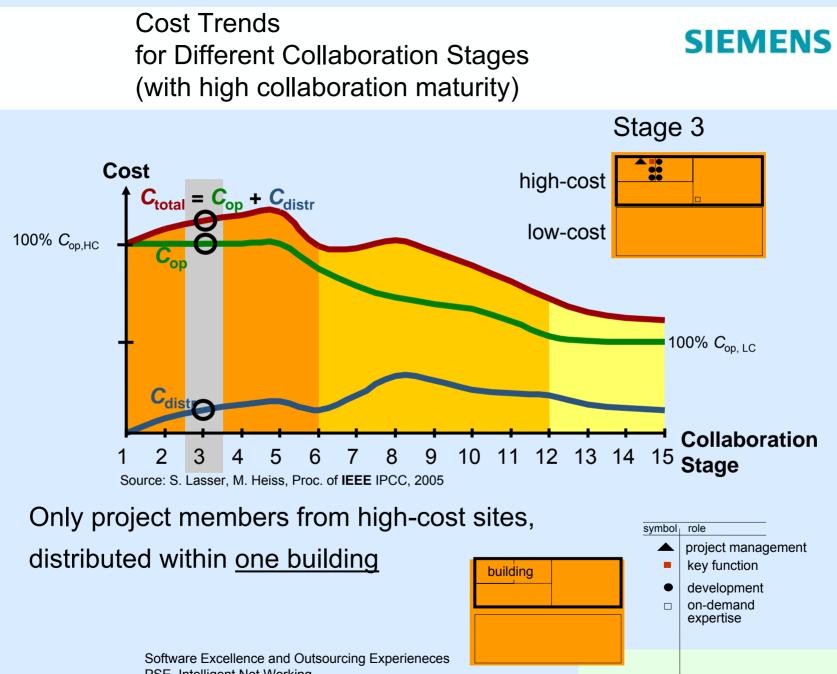
all costs that would also be applicable for a one-person project mainly **labor costs**

C_{distr}... Distribution Costs:

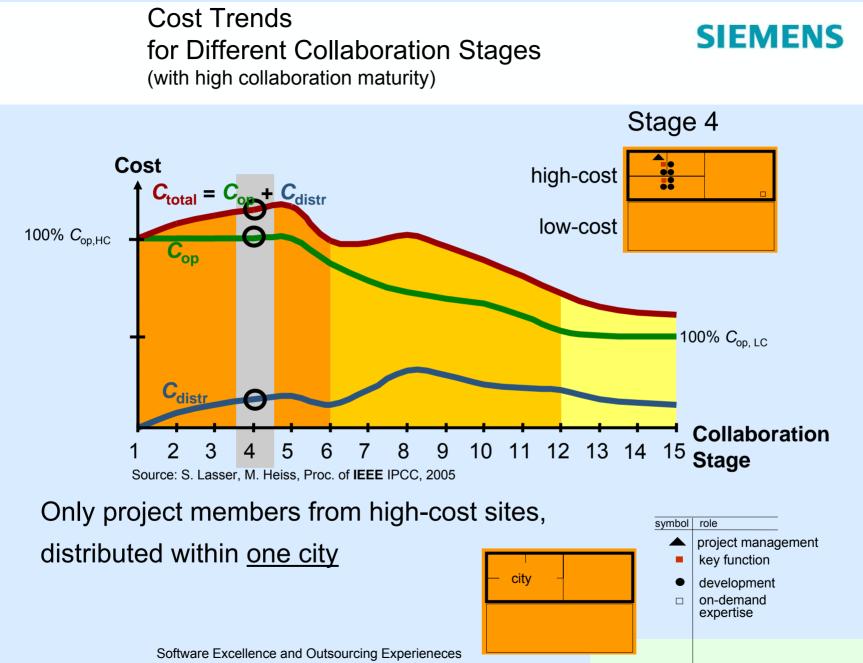
costs that occur because work is not performed by a single person **coordination, communication, travel, rework due to misunderstandings...**



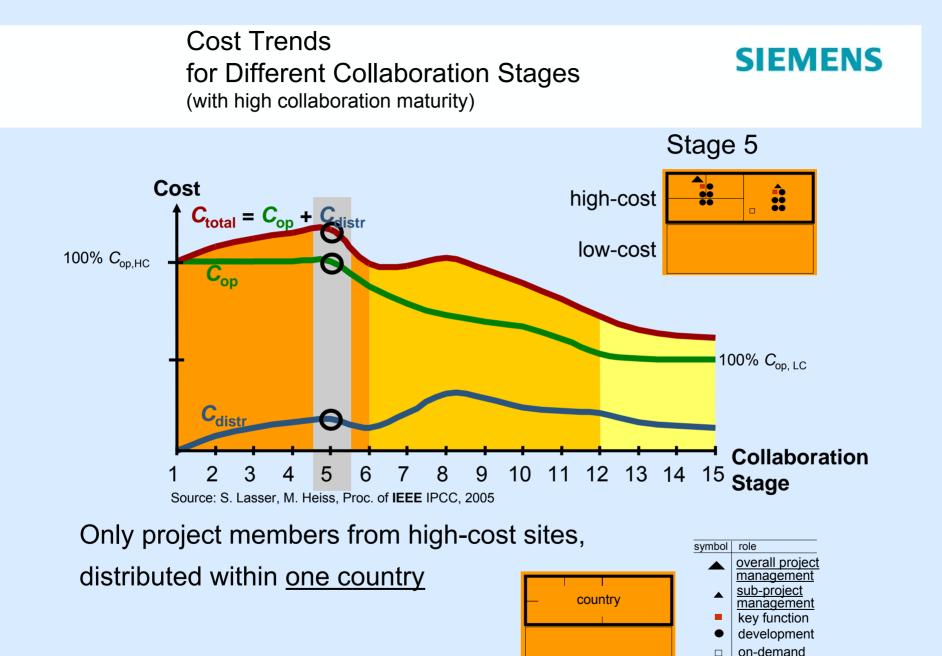




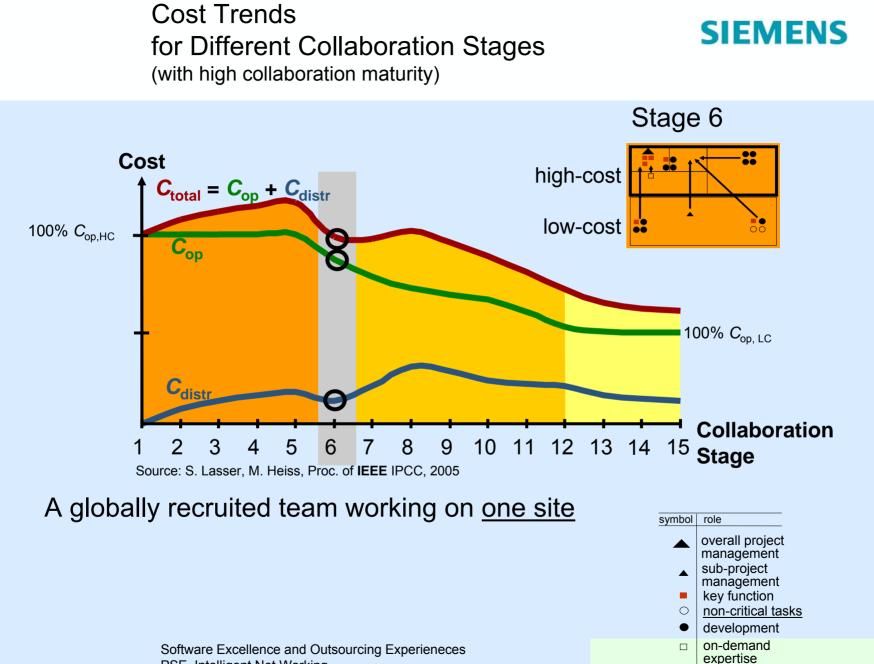
PSE. Intelligent Net Working



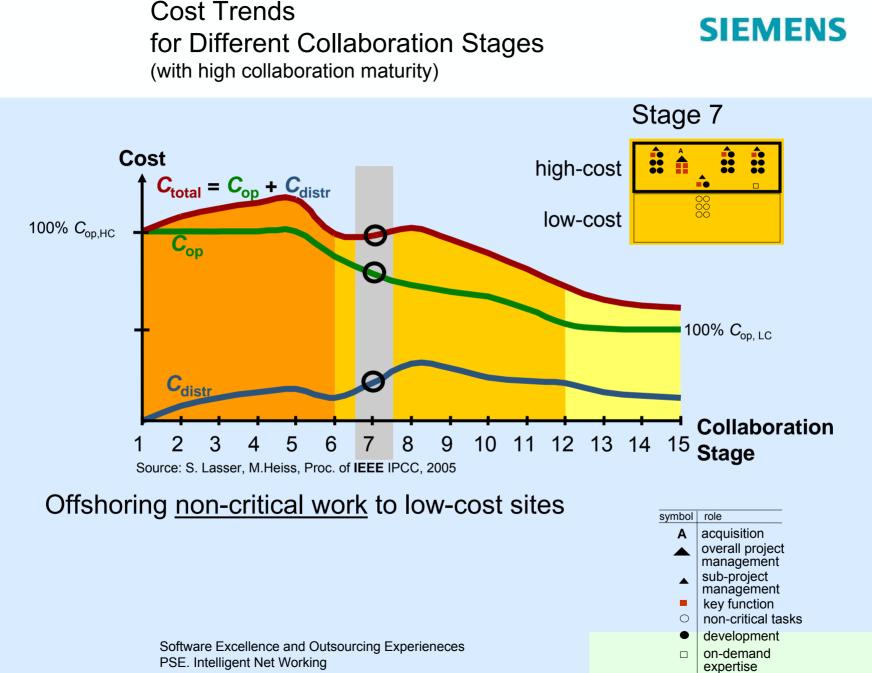
PSE. Intelligent Net Working



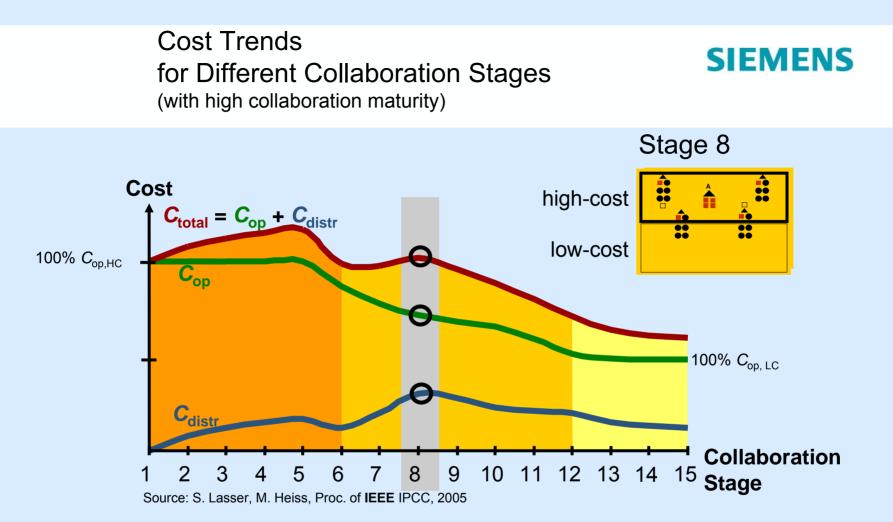
expertise



PSE. Intelligent Net Working

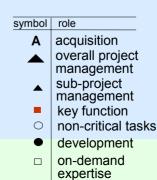


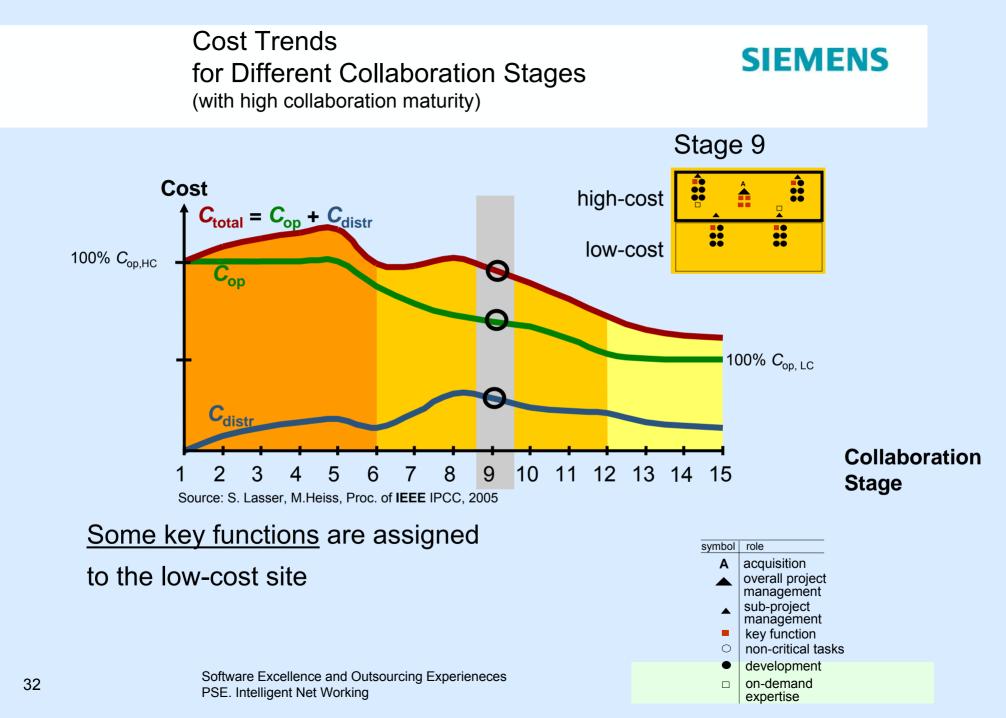
PSE. Intelligent Net Working



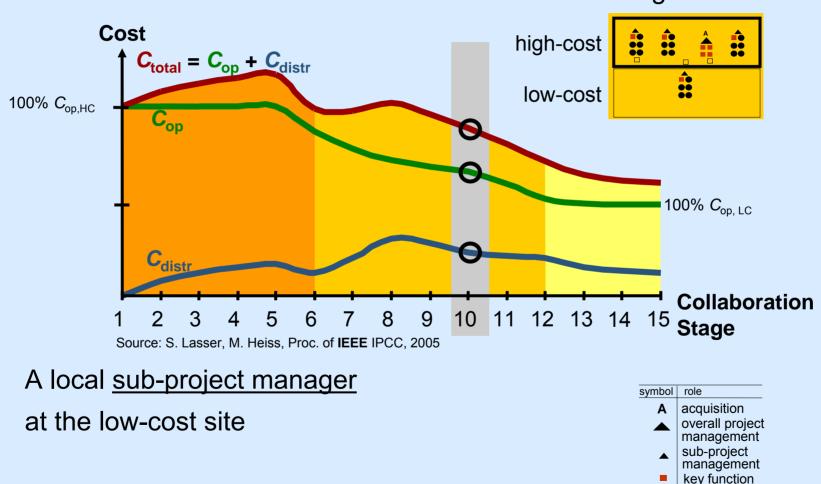
Development tasks at low-cost sites

without key functions









non-critical tasks

development

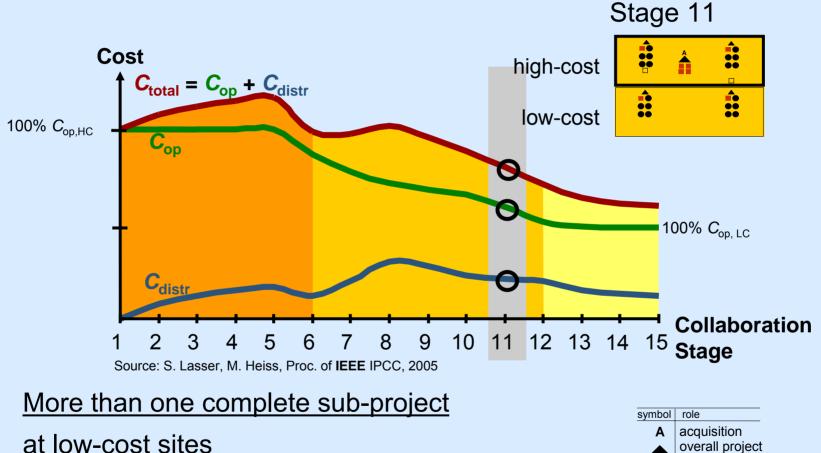
on-demand

expertise

 \bigcirc

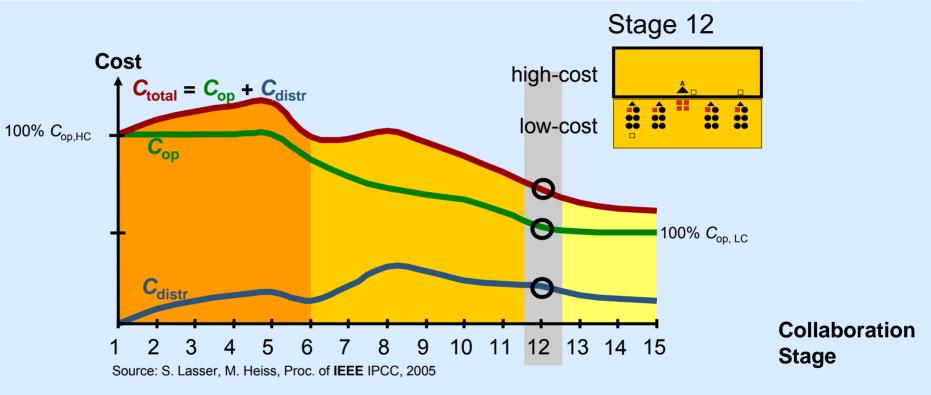


SIEMENS



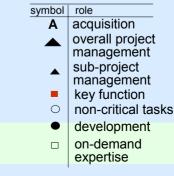
- management
 key function
- non-critical tasks
- development
- on-demand expertise

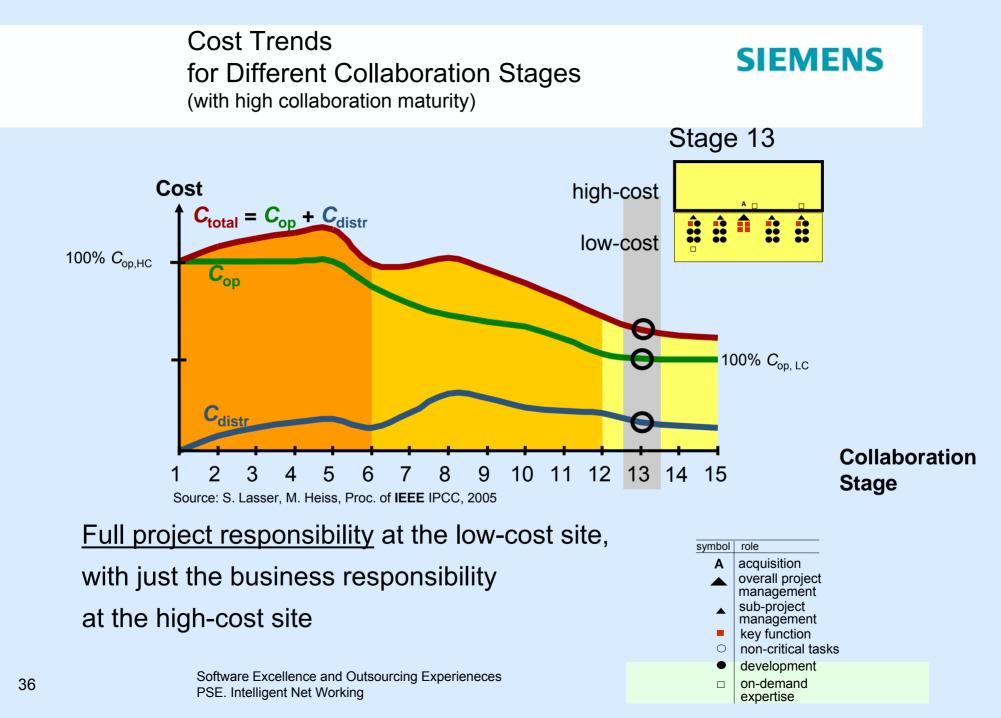




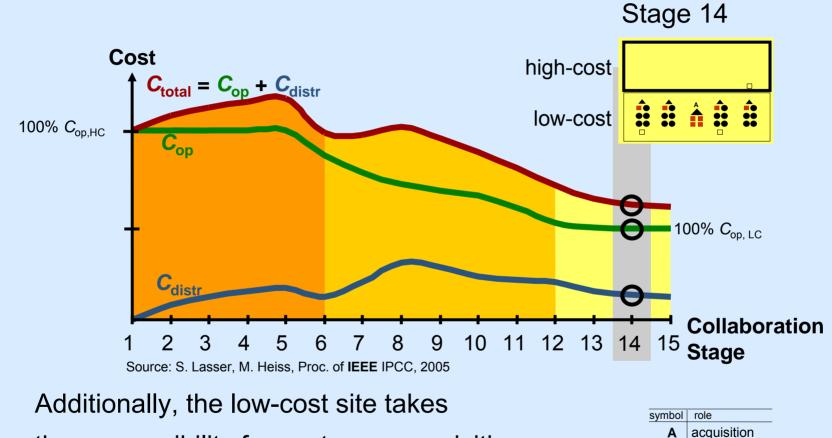
Only the overall project manager

comes from the high-cost site









overall project management sub-project

management key function non-critical tasks

development

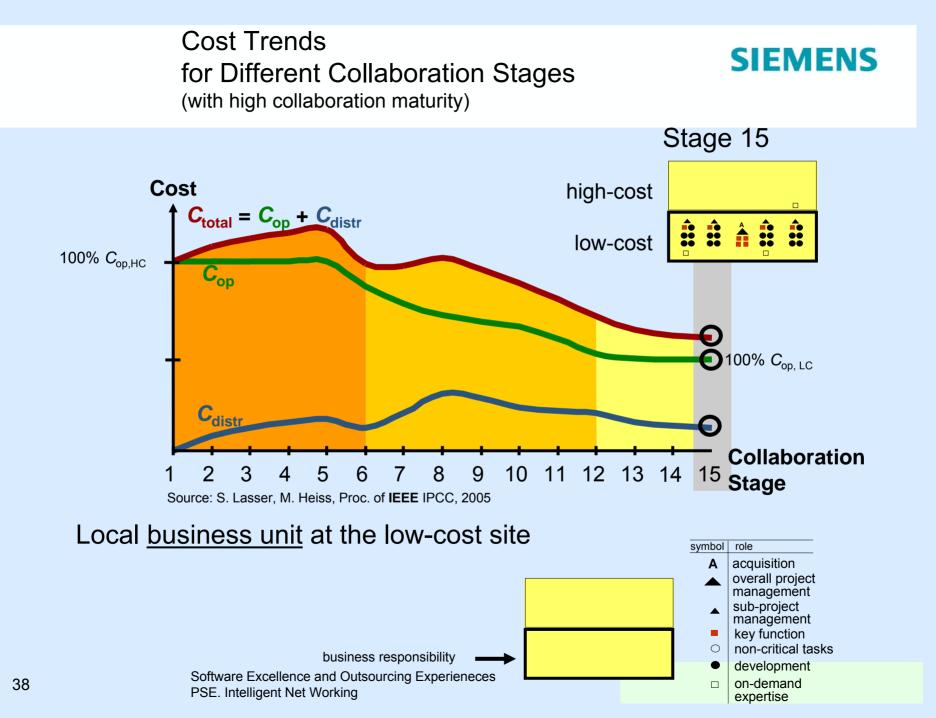
on-demand

expertise

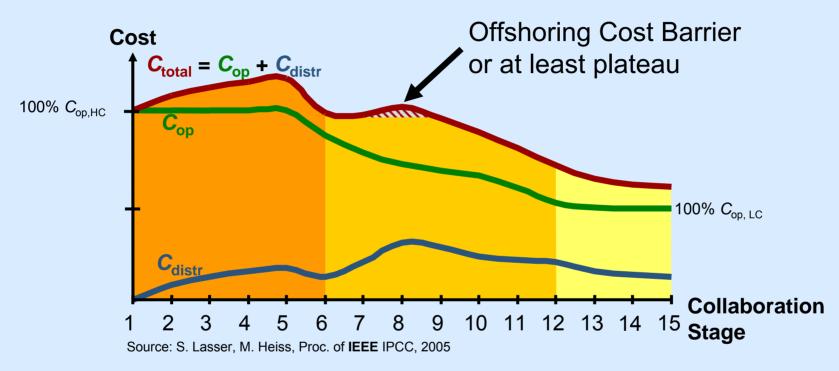
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the responsibility for customer acquisition

Software Excellence and Outsourcing Experieneces PSE. Intelligent Net Working



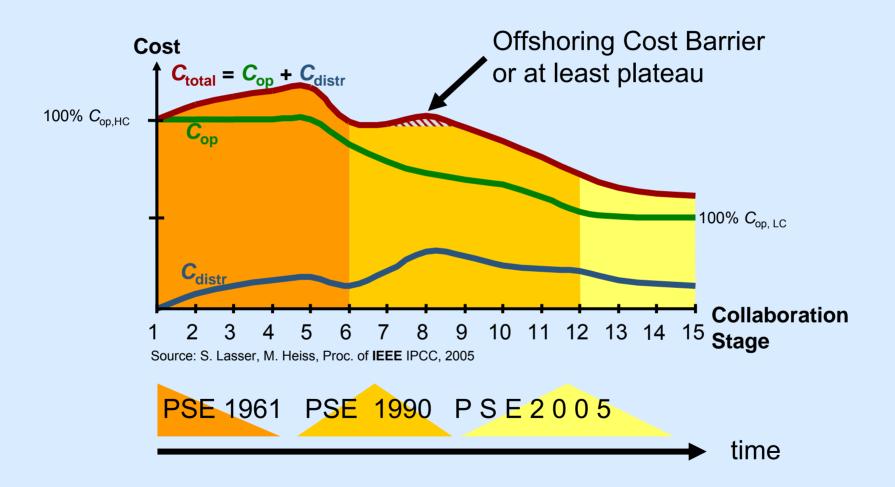




Even for organizations with high collaboration maturity an Offshoring Cost Plateau exists: during the plateau you

invest without getting immediate return

The Change of PSE over time

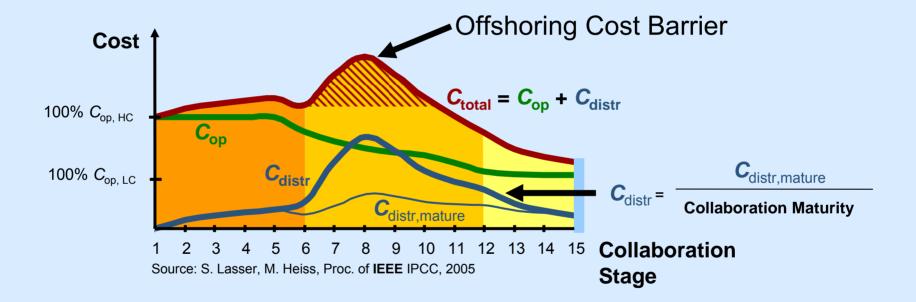




The Collaboration Maturity is influenced by

- maturity of processes and tools at all sites,
- mature <u>communication</u> culture (openness, trust, respect),
- effective knowledge <u>networking</u>,
- management skills and organizational <u>structure</u>,
- architectural skills (modularity)...

Impact of the Collaboration Maturity: **SIEMENS** the lower the maturity the higher the barrier

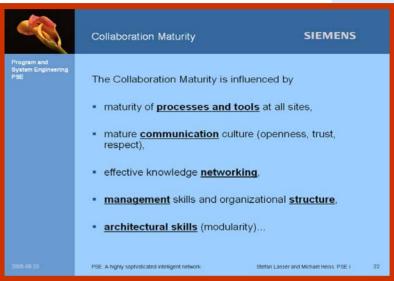


low collaboration maturity \rightarrow high distribution cost \rightarrow high offshoring cost barrier

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What can be done to improve productivity ? **SIEMENS**

- Optimize your
 processes and tools
- Communicate with openess, trust, respect. Take care everybody gets the relevant information.



- Involving experts increases productitivity : It is more efficient to ask the proper expert for help than to waste the customers time
- Find the right project manager and requirement engineer.
- Try to find the best available <u>architect</u>

The Key to Success in Global Software Development

A mature Inquiry Culture

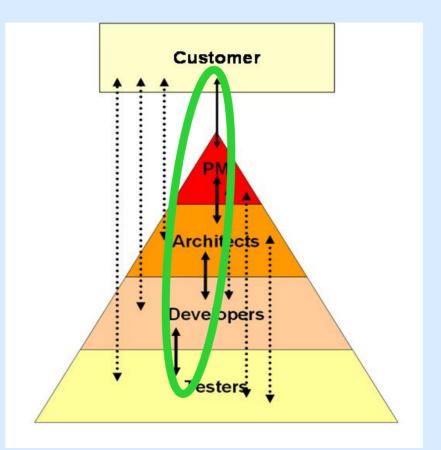
increases the **Collaboration Maturity**

and therefore the **Productivity**

Software Excellence and Outsourcing Experiences PSE. Intelligent Net Working Siemens PSE REG

Requirements Communication

- Requirement Communication takes place at and among all levels of the project organization
- The one who knows about the requirement the <u>Sender S</u>
- The one who receives the requirement the <u>Receiver R</u>

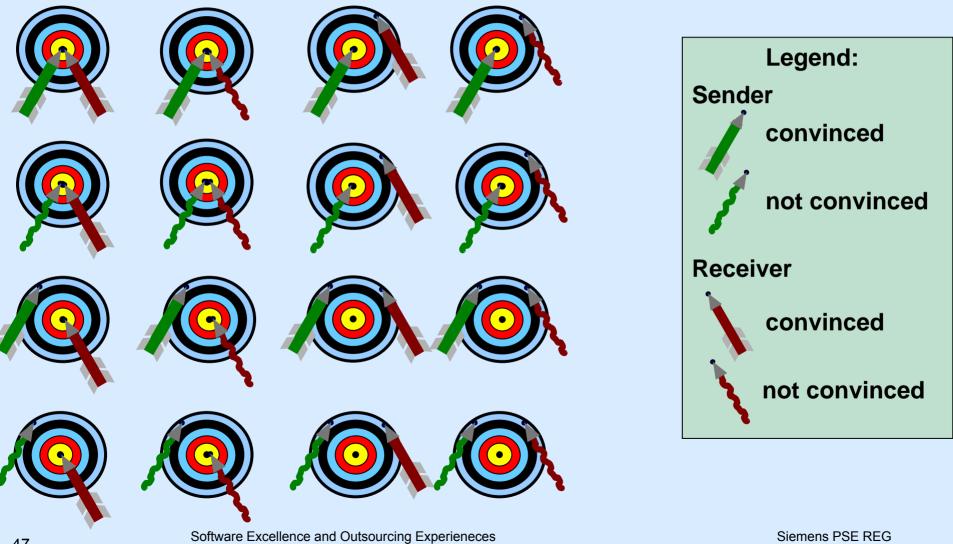


Small project task, all project members collocated



Why is the Inquiry Culture so important?

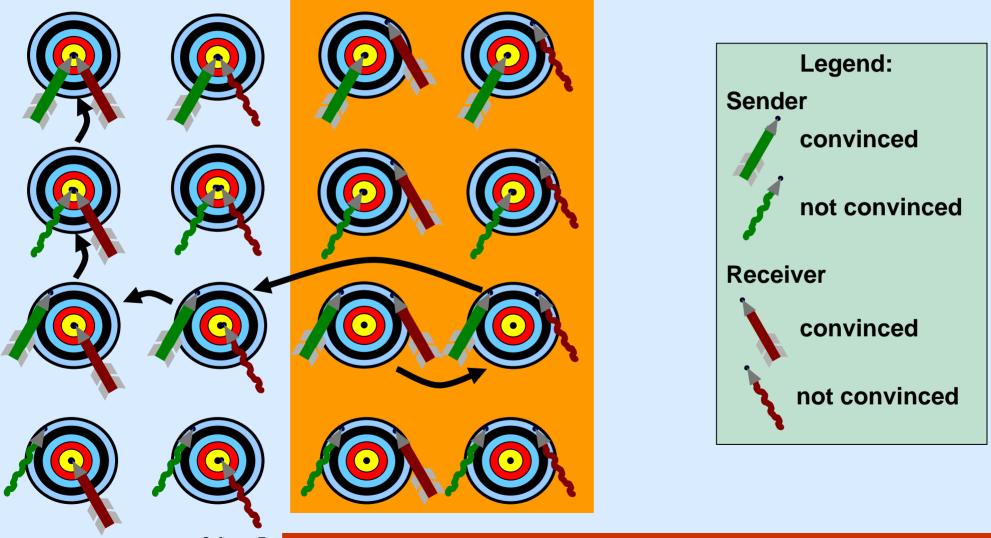
SIEMENS



PSE. Intelligent Net Working

Why is the Inquiry Culture so important? It is the only chance to leave fatal states.

SIEMENS



Software Exce PSE. Intellige There is no "laser pointer" showing us where we are What is not an Inquiry Culture?

- Trade-off between too much and too less inquiries: Utopia: One of the answers: <u>"The perfect employee should deliver</u> what I want (not what I have asked for) and ask no questions!"
- Strategy: Management communicats: <u>"Ask, if you do not understand</u> <u>something</u>" is not enough.
- Inquiry culture is not a behavior of the individuals within the organization, inquiry culture is a organizational property and impacts directly the organizational maturity



Ideal Inquiry Culture – Definition



"There are no stupid questions, only stupid answers"

An ideal inquiry culture is marked by:

- asking questions the right person (use your networks)
- at the **optimal time**
- not being too proud to ask questions, but not being too shy to ask questions
- addressing problems openly and formulating the question accurately, so that the other person understands it
- creating an environment of confidence and trust e.g. by showing interest in colleagues' activities and giving information on

one's own activities and organizational structure

- recognizing any lack of knowledge
- accepting responsibility for one's own activities and lack of activities
- providing alternative solutions
- considering the entire business process

Inquiry Practices Conclusion

- Employees' awareness about the <u>variety</u> of inquiry practices
- If one of the "inquiry sources" is <u>not successful</u>, it is <u>not a reason to stop</u> it!!
- Communicate the increased importance of the personal networks within and outside of organization

Requirements Communication-Mechanism for establishing of Inquiry Culture

- PSE Practices for communicating requirements:
 - Customer Workshops
 - Clear defined <u>Review Process with obligatory reviewers</u>
 - Involvement of experts within the PSE e.g. for reviews
 - Developers involvement during the requirements elicitation phase
 - Using <u>Knowledge Networks</u> to fill the lack of information
- By communicating requirements you should keep in mind:
 - Summarize your interpretation of the "understood" requirement
 - Involve different perspectives-do not become too one-sided!

Inquiry Culture – Supporting Structures

- Training-weeks collocated in Vienna
- Project experience workshops
- Kick-off meetings
- Clear defined formal communication
- Frequent informal communication
- Readiness to travel
- Using the same development process
- Emphasizing the importance of high quality documentation
- Using the same terminology
- Task description/ Responsibility description
- Communicate: Sharing Knowledge is an asset, not a danger!
- Defining the escalation strategy but not any conflict is worth to be escalated
- Criticism is welcome, but NOT destructive
- Readiness to respect the differences, they can help us



Thank You for Your Attention